

# Life of the Fourth Beast Roman Empire Divided

Roman Empire divided

Western Empire divided

~476 AD

And the ten horns out of this kingdom are ten kings that shall arise: Daniel 7:24a

Eastern Byzantine Empire

330 - 1453 AD

Fell to Ottoman Empire

Many people believe that the two legs in the statue that Daniel saw in Daniel 2 represent the major divisions of the western and eastern empires that came from the Roman empire.

John Gill's commentary offers three views as to how the western Roman empire was divided.

<http://www.ewordtoday.com/comments/daniel/gill/daniel7.htm>

## According to Bishop Lloyd

Saxons, who made themselves masters of Great Britain about the same time, 476.

Suevians and Alans, who seized the western parts of Spain, A.D. 407; and invaded Italy, 457.

Vandals, who settled in Spain; afterwards set up their kingdom in Africa, A.D. 407; their king Gensericus sacked Rome, 455.

Visigoths, who settled in the south parts of France, and in Catalonia, about 378.

Hunns, who erected their kingdom in that part of Pannonia and Dacia, which was from them called Hungary, about A.D. 356.

Ostrogoths, who settled themselves in the countries that reach from Rhetia to Maesia, even to Thrace, about 377; and afterwards came into Italy under Alaricus, in 410.

Franks, who seized upon part of Germany and Gaul, A.D. 410.

Burgundians, who came out of Germany, into that part of Gaul called from them Burgundy, 407.

Herules, Rugians, and Thoringians, who settled in Italy under Odoacer, about A.D. 476.

Longobards, called likewise Gopidae, who settled in Germany, about Magdeburg, A.D. 383; and afterwards succeeded the Heruli and Thuringi in Hungary, about the year 826.

## According to Sir Isaac Newton

Alans in Gallia

Suevians in Spain

Vandals and Alans in Spain

Visigoths

Hunns

Lombards

Franks

Burgundians

Britons (Great Britain)

Ravenna

## According to Mede

Saxons

Suevians and Alans

Vandals

Visigoths

Almanes

Ostrogoths

Franks

Burgundians

Britons (Great Britain)

Greeks

While there are differences in the ten divisions, all three agree upon the peoples who are in the countries of Great Britain (Saxons and Britons), Spain (Suevians, Vandals, and Alans), and France (Visigoths). These three countries have had significant influence on world affairs throughout the centuries.